

A STRANGE REUNION.

FROM A PRODIGAL SON RETURNED TO HIS FATHER'S HOUSE—THE DRAMATIC RESULT OF A STRUGGLE WITH A BURGLAR—THE LATTER PROVES TO BE THE SON OF HIS CAPTOR.

From the Detroit Post, 8th.

At a late hour one night last week, a gentleman, well known in the business and social circles of this city, and who occupies a handsome residence on one of the fashionable thoroughfares, was awakened from a sound slumber by an unusual noise in the sleeping apartment, and, after listening intently for a moment, became conscious of the fact that some person was stealthily moving about in the room. The light was turned off and the inside blinds of the window were closed, so that all was total darkness, but the next instant the intruder stumbled over a chair near the bed, the movement revealing his precise location. Most men, rudely awakened by the unceremonious entrance of a burglar, would have uttered an exclamation of alarm or a cry for assistance, but the master of the house was a man of unusual self-possession and determination; without uttering a word he sprang from his couch and grappled with his unknown antagonist. The struggle which ensued in the dark was brief but decisive. The burglar fought on the defensive, rather than the offensive, and made the most desperate attempts to loosen the hand which grasped his throat like an iron vice, but his antagonist, although on the steady side of fifty, was a man of great muscular power, and the fellow's efforts to escape were fruitless. Kneeling upon the prostrate form of the panting burglar, the victor in the struggle called to his wife to light the gas, a command which the lady, who was awakened by the scuffle, and who was nearly beside herself with fear, was not slow to execute.

The instant that the gas jet flooded the room with light, the gentleman released his hold upon the throat of his adversary, a pale, haggard, ill-clad young man, and the latter staggered to his feet. For a moment the two men confronted each other, and then with a wild cry, in which horror, shame and remorse were all expressed, the younger sank at the feet of the elder. "Father!" "Charlie."

The recognition was mutual; the exclamations rang out simultaneously. It was indeed the reunion of a sorrowing father and a prodigal son. Eight years ago the former was a resident of Wilkesbarre, Pa., and the latter, his only child, was a bright youth of twenty, who unfortunately fell in with fast associates and became proficient in all manner of youthful dissipation. Finding parental restraint irksome the boy ran away from home and shipped upon a vessel bound for Liverpool. After several months spent in London, where he lived by his wits, he shipped as a cook on a vessel bound for Africa, but was prostrated by a severe fever and was sent back to England. Upon his recovery he went to South America, where he secured a position in the employ of an extensive stock raiser, remained there for four years, and at the end of that time having saved several hundred dollars in gold. Soon the old roving disposition came over him, and he drifted off to Cuba and Mexico, and finally arrived in New Orleans last fall, where he associated with fast characters and soon lost what money he had through the agencies of the wine bottle and the gaming table. During the winter he worked his way North, and about two weeks ago arrived in this city from Cincinnati, with only \$3 in his pocket.

During all the long years of his absence the prodigal had never written home and had never heard from his parents. He was ignorant of the fact that they had removed to Detroit, and he determined to earn money enough, if possible, to take him back to Wilkesbarre, where he intended to endeavor to live a respectable life. Owing to the hard times he could obtain no work, and was finally forced to seek lodgings, at the Woodbridge street station. After sleeping there several nights he was warned that upon his next visit he would be sent to the House of Correction as a vagrant. That night he wandered about the city hungry, penniless and desperate, and it was while in this forlorn, desperate condition that he yielded to the sudden temptation to crime in order to relieve his necessities. By some strange and yet fortunate fatality he entered the house of his own father, and what followed has already been described.

Such was the story which the unhappy young man related to his grief-stricken parents in the room which he had entered for the purpose of committing a robbery. He protested that no matter what excesses and sins he might have committed, he had never before descended to the perpetration of a dishonest act, and his remorse and repentance were so unmistakably sincere that he readily received the forgiveness for which he pleaded. Fortunately the circumstances of his unexpected return were unknown to other parties, the two female domestics being absent at a ball, from which they were not to return until 2 or 3 o'clock, and to divert suspicion the young man was provided with money and instructed to go to a hotel for the balance of the night. The

next morning he purchased suitable apparel and returned to the house, where a little justifiable deception was used, and he was welcomed as if he had not been a previous visitor. The young man is apparently sincere in his determination to reform, and is occupying a desk in his father's establishment, where he already demonstrates the possession of admirable business qualifications, and bids fair to become a useful member of society.

This story may savor somewhat of the improbable, but it was related to the writer by a gentleman of unimpeachable veracity, who enjoys intimate and confidential relations with the parties, and who vouches for the entire truthfulness, while at the same time he withholds the names and other facts which might afford a clue to the identity of the *dramatis personae* in the little drama which so narrowly escaped being a tragedy.

Six feet three and three-fourths inches of snow fell in Lycoming county, last winter.

In the polygamy case on trial at Beaver, Utah, Judge Boren charges that polygamy committed prior to 1862 is punishable now; that bigamy is a continuous crime, and that the statute of limitation do not apply. This is directly opposite to the charge of Judge Emerson.

He Did.

The following story is told about a Dunkirk man: On St. Valentine's day he bought ten of the ugliest valentines he could find, each one caricaturing some well known fault or foible of his wife, and sent them to her. While the poor woman was crying over them and wondering if there really were ten people in the community who thought so meanly of her, the boy of the family said: "Pa, are those the pictures you bought at the store where you got my whistle?"

TORNADO.

The Wind in a Frenzy Lifting the Roof off a Bridge.

OMAHA, April 8.—Yesterday a whirlwind about one hundred feet wide struck the Platte river bridge at Schuyler, Nebraska, lifted four spans with the roof, from their places, and dropped them in the river, leaving nothing but piers. Several houses on the south side were blown down. The damage is estimated at \$20,000.

DESTRUCTION IN ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Arkansas, April 8.—A terrific storm visited this section this evening, three miles from this city. The tornado uprooted trees and unroofed houses. A Mrs. Jones was killed and her two daughters seriously injured. Seven houses were destroyed.

FEARFUL WORK IN EDINBURG, ILLINOIS.

CINCINNATI, April 8.—A special despatch to the Commercial from Edinburg, Illinois, states that a fearful tornado swept through that place at 4 30 P. M. to-day. The Christian Church, in which some 30 or 40 young ladies and gentlemen were rehearsing, was destroyed. About fifteen of the party had been taken out at last accounts.

Miss Porter was dead; Dick Greenwood had both legs broken; J. B. Eaton was seriously injured; Miss Sanders had both legs and one arm broken; Mr. Kemmerer had a jaw and shoulder broken. Several others, whose names have not been ascertained, were also injured.

Five dwellings were also blown down, and an elevator was badly damaged.

A Remarkable Swindle.

One of the most unique swindles on record is reported in the Paris Eccevent. About a month since the Havre correspondent of a large banking house in Paris received the following letter from the head of his firm:

PARIS, Jan.—1875.

DEAR SIR: I write to warn you that the son of our principal cashier has disappeared with some 200,000 francs in bills drawn upon you by us. He will probably present them in Havre shortly after the receipt of this by you. Of course you will refuse payment. As his father is a very old and valuable servant, we have concluded not to cause him the disgrace and mortification of knowing that his son is a felon. You will therefore allow the scoundrel to go free. If you can manage to get rid of him by sending him to America, advance him two or three hundred louis, and let him go and hang himself. Confidentially.

The day after the receipts of this letter the Havre house, a young man of fine address presented himself and attempted to negotiate the stolen bills. The letter was shown him, and he fell on his knees in a flood of repentant tears. He expressed a willingness to go to America, and 250 louis (\$1,250) were given him with many cautions to reform.

The young man sailed for New York the next day, and the day after the Havre house received an answer to its letter of advice detailing the facts. No bills had been stolen from the Paris house, the letter originally sent was a forgery, and the principal cashier has no son. The police of New York were notified to look for this remarkable swindler, but no light has been thrown on his movements in this country.

Nearly every steamer leaving England is loaded with specie for the United States.

Mrs. Fitch has not got the Kdedive's wedding present after all. Congress passed the resolution authorizing Mr. Fitch to accept it for her, and would have remitted the duty upon the diamonds had not General Sherman sensibly said that he did not want any fuss. Neither the bridegroom nor the father, however, can afford to pay the duty, and, as the bride would have to leave the diamonds on deposit somewhere anyhow, it is decided to leave them in the custom house for the present. Their value, by the way, is not half a million, as supposed, but only about seventy thousand dollars, and the duty on them is \$17,500.

An analysis of the population of New York, made by a leading journal of that city, reveals some curious facts as to the origin of the inhabitants and the national characteristics of those whose votes actually control the chief American metropolis. According to the last census, which is now agreed to have been quite accurate, the total population of New York was 942,292. Of these the proportion born in this country was 55.52 per cent., leaving 44.48 per cent. who were born abroad. But of those who were born here fully three-fifths were the children of foreign parents, who had come from other countries and settled in the city; while only 17 per cent. of the whole population was derived from native-born parents. Taking the residents of the city by thousands it appears that out of every 1000 people there are only 170 real natives of the country, while 213 are Irish born, 160 German, 71 of other foreign nativity, and 386 children of foreign-born parents. This is widely different from the ratio existing in the United States at large, where the foreign-born element amounts to only one-seventh of the entire population. This statement explains the ease with which Tweed and the Tammany King have been able to rule and rob the city of New York. The native citizens are so weak in political power that they could be safely ignored and snubbed, while the foreign vote as a body could be easily controlled by making pets and allies of the Irish and German leaders. The foreign vote, as the emigrants are mainly adults, is relatively larger than the native vote in the same number of people, and the naturalized citizens are much more active and punctual in casting their ballots. Thousands of the native citizens of New York never vote at all, feeling that their influence at the polls will count for nothing against the overwhelming numbers derived from those of foreign origin. It is an anomaly that the financial and commercial heart of the American republic should be under the absolute control of an alien element; and the political cunning that has enabled the Democratic party to engress the whole strength of this vast body of foreign voters, year after year, is equally astonishing.

Special Notice.

New Firm.—G. C. Adams, dealer in boots and shoes, has taken James K. Walton as partner, and intend adding groceries, provisions, with the already extensive stock of boots and shoes. Country produce will be taken in exchange for the above. Give us a call. Cash paid for wool and hides, &c.

Adams & Walton believe that from the past experience in both branches of the above business, the public will find it to their advantage to call and examine their stock.

Just received at Williams' Drug store a large lot of English Salted Potash, warranted good. [Oct. 8-1t.]

Just received at William's Drug Store, a large stock of White Lead, Lined Oil and VARNISH for the spring trade. Price of Lead and Oil reduced. March 18, '75.

If you want fresh Groceries, call at Adams & Walton's Grocery Store, next door to Williams Drug Store, Main st., Stroudsburg, Pa. [March 18, '75.]

If you want a nice fitting pair of Boots, Shoes, or Lady's Gaiters, call at Adams & Walton's. [March 18, '75.]

Produce taken in exchange for boots, shoes and groceries. GEO. C. ADAMS. March 18, 1875.—3t JAS. K. WALTON.

ANOTHER TROPHY WON

BY THE ESTEY COTTAGE ORGANS!

These superior and beautifully finished instruments so far eclipsed their competitor in volume, purity, sweetness and delicacy of tone, as to carry off the first and only premium given to exhibitors of reed Organs at the Monroe County Fair, held September 25, 1874. Buy only the best. For price list address Oct 1-4t.] J. Y. SIGAFUS,

PLASTER.

The undersigned have on hand a large quantity fresh ground NOVA SCOTIA PLASTER,

which they offer for sale at their Mill, near the Iron Bridge in Stroudsburg. Farmers and others can be accommodated at any time. WM. S. WINTERMUTE & SON. March 18, 1875.—6t.

EGGS FOR HATCHING.

—Silver Spangled Hamburgs— —White Leghorns:—

From best strains in the country. Price \$2 50 per dozen. Cash to accompany orders. Address, B. T. WOLF, P. O. Box 282, Scranton, Pa. March 11, 1875.

GREAT COMMOTION THROUGHOUT MONROE COUNTY, ABOUT THE Large Assortment OF CLOTHING, And Extremely Low Prices AT SIMON FRIED'S, THE Mammoth Retailer OF Men's, Boy's & Children's CLOTHING, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Trunks & Valises, Umbrellas, &c.

Extra Announcement TO THE PUBLIC.

In order to have more room to display my large stock of Clothing, Gents' Furnishing Goods and Trunks and Valises, I have concluded to quit the Boot & Shoe business. I therefore offer and will sell my stock of Boots & Shoes at and below cost. SIMON FRIED. Agent. April 15, 1875.

Auditor's Notice.

Estate of George A. Buskirk, deceased. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Orphans' Court of Monroe county to make distribution of the money in hands of Peter Gruber, Administrator of said Estate, hereby gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment on Thursday, May 13, 1875, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the Prothonotary's office, in Stroudsburg, at which time and place all persons having any claim or demand on said money will present the same or be forever barred from coming in for any share thereof. THOS. M. McILHANEY, Auditor. April 15, 1875-4t.]

DAYS OF APPEAL.

Notice is hereby given, to the taxable inhabitants of the County of Monroe, that appeals will be held at the Commissioner's Office, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, in the following order: For the Townships of Barrett, Coolbaugh, Paradise, Price, Pocono, Stroud, Middle Smithfield, Smithfield and the Borough of East Stroudsburg, on the 28th day of April, inst., and for the Townships of Hamilton, Chestnut Hill, Ross, Eldred, Polk, Jackson, Tobyhanna, Tunkhannock and the Borough of Stroudsburg, on the 29th day of April, inst., when and where all who feel themselves aggrieved in consequence of the over value of their property, may attend and they shall be heard. SAMUEL POSTEN, PETER S. EDINGER, JACOB FRABLE, Commissioners. Attest: M. H. DREMER, Clerk. Commissioner's Office, Stroudsburg, } April 15, 1875.

Manhood: How Lost, How Restored!

Just published, a new edition of Dr. CUTLER'S CELEBRATED ESSAY on the radical cure (without medicine) of Spermatorrhea or Seminal Weakness, Involuntary Seminal Losses, Impotency, Mental and Physical Exhaustion, Impediments to Marriage, etc.; also, Consumption, Epilepsy Fits, induced by self-indulgence or sexual extravagance, &c. The celebrated author, in this admirable Essay, clearly demonstrates, from a thirty years' successful practice, that the alarming consequences of self-abuse may be radically cured without the dangerous use of internal medicine or the application of the knife; pointing out a mode of cure so simple, certain, and effectual, by means of which every sufferer, no matter what his condition may be, may cure himself cheaply, privately, and radically. For this Lecture should be in the hands of every youth and every man in the land. Sent under seal, in a plain envelope, to any address, post-paid, on receipt of six cents or two post stamps. Address the Publishers, CHAS. J. CLINE & CO., 127 Bowery, New York. Post Office Box, 4586. April 15 '75-1y.]

To the School Directors of Monroe Co.

GENTLEMEN:—In pursuance of the forty-third section of the act of 8th May, 1854, you are hereby notified to meet in convention, at the Court House, in Stroudsburg, on the first Tuesday in May, A. D. 1875, being the 4th day of the month, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, and select, viva voce, by a majority of the whole number of directors present, one person of literary and scientific acquirements, and of skill and experience in the art of teaching, as County Superintendent, for the three succeeding years; determine the amount of compensation for the same; and certify the result to the State Superintendent, at Harrisburg, as required by the thirty-ninth and fortieth sections of said act. JERE FRUTTCHEY, County Superintendent of Monroe County. April 8-4t.]

TAKE NOTICE! SOMETHING NEW IN THE BOOT AND SHOE BUSINESS! GO TO M. L. DRAKE'S BOOT AND SHOE STORE, Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.,

Where you can get HOME-MADE BOOTS, SHOES AND GAITERS, of every description, ready-made or made to order, and every thing else kept in a first-class Boot and Shoe Store, where you can get all articles in this line lower than elsewhere. I have in my employ several FIRST-CLASS WORKMEN and use none but the best material.

All my goods, home-made and City make, warranted. All classes of my goods sold from 10 to 20 per cent. less than elsewhere. REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO! CALL AND SEE!

April 1, 1875.—4t.

Estate Notice.

Estate of JACOB SINGMASTER, late of the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe County, Pa., deceased. All persons indebted to said Estate, are requested to make immediate payment and those having claims against the same are desired to present them in proper order for settlement, without delay, to HENRY SINGMASTER, Stroudsburg, Pa. JAMES SINGMASTER, Millerstown, Lehigh Co. Pa. April 5, 1875.—6t.

Auditor's Notice.

ESTATE OF E. H. HELLER. The undersigned Auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe County, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of the Assignee, will attend to the duties of his appointment, at the office of S. Holmes, Esq., in the Borough of Stroudsburg, on Friday, May 7th, 1875, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons interested or having claims against said fund shall present the same or be forever barred from coming in for any share thereof. C. A. HOLMES, Auditor. March 25, '75-4t.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of Ven. Ex. De Terris to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale at Public Vendue, on SATURDAY, APRIL 17th, 1875,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate to wit:

A certain lot or piece of land situate in Ross township, in said county, containing 13 Acres, 72 Perches,

adjoining land of Linford Jones, Estate of Phillip Lessig, Jonas Smith, Reuben Hartzell, about Two Acres,

cleared. Improvements are a Frame Dwelling House, two stories high, 20 x 28 feet. Seized and taken in execution as the property of William A. Heath and Abraham Fangbener, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } April 1, 1875.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of ven. ex de terris to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale, at Public Vendue, on SATURDAY, APRIL 17th, 1875,

at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that tract of land situate in Tobyhanna township, Monroe county, containing Seventy-five Acres,

more or less, adjoining land of Lampen & Co., land late of Daniel Marvin, dec'd., and others. Also the undivided one-fourth part of the following tracts of land. One of them situate partly in the township of Coolbaugh and partly in Tobyhanna township, in said County, containing 626 Acres, 63 Perches,

and allowance, adjoining land of Brown & Stoddard, Henry Snyder, land surveyed to Daniel Rees, Wm. Cameron, Thomas Armat, land of Shortz, Lewis & Co., and others. The other situated in Tobyhanna tp., containing 227 ACRES,

more or less, adjoining land in the warrantee name of Samuel Harvey, Samuel Shoemaker, land of Henry Snyder, land late of Garret Albertson and others. The improvements are on first tract, one Dwelling House, 16 x 18 feet, 12 Stories, Log Barn, 24 x 24 feet, and other out-buildings. About Five Acres,

cleared. On the other lands are erected a Saw Mill, 24 x 52 feet, with Portable Engine, Dwelling House 15 x 40 feet, 2 stories, and other out-buildings. The land all unimproved timber and heavily timbered with Rock Oak and Hemlock. Seized and taken in execution as the property of John Lampen and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office Stroudsburg, } April 1, 1875.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of a writ of lev. fa. to me directed, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Monroe county, I will expose to sale, at Public Vendue, on SATURDAY, APRIL 17th, 1875,

at two o'clock in the afternoon, at the Court House, in the Borough of Stroudsburg, Monroe county, the following Real Estate, to wit:

All that certain message and tract of land situate in Stroud township, Monroe county, adjoining land of Jabez G. Angle, George Bush, James Posten, and others, containing 111 Acres,

more or less, about 100 Acres cleared, under a good state of cultivation, about 20 Acres, of which is meadow. The improvements are a Frame Dwelling House, about 22 x 35 feet, 2 Stories, a large Bank Barn, Cow Shed, Wagonway, and other out-buildings. A stream of Water passes through the premises. The public road leading from the Milford road to Analomink passes by the farm. Seized and taken in execution as the property of Daniel V. Bush, and to be sold by me for cash. JACOB K. SHAFER, Sheriff. Sheriff's Office, Stroudsburg, } April 1, 1875.

Blattley's Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP

Improved CUCUMBER WOOD PUMP, the acknowledged STANDARD of the market, by popular verdict, the best pump for the least money. Attention is invited to Blattley's Improved Bracket, the Drop Check Valve, which can be withdrawn without disturbing the joints, and the copper chamber which never cracks, scales or rusts and will last a life-time. For sale by Dealers and the trade generally. In order to assure that you get Blattley's Pump, be careful and see that it has my trade-mark as above. If you do not know where to buy, descriptive circulars, together with the name and address of the agent nearest you, will be promptly furnished by addressing with stamp, CHAS. G. BLATTLEY, Manufacturer, 506 Commerce st., Philadelphia, Pa. March 4, 1875.—5m.

ROOFING SLATE.

Farmers, Slaters and others in want of first class ROOFING SLATE, can procure them (by calling on Geo. W. Drake) at nearly Quarry prices. I do not keep or sell No. 2 or Ribbon Slate. I am also sole agent for Monroe County, for Smith's Turbular Fluted Lightning Rod, which I will put up and warrant to be the best conductor of Lightning in existence. Call and examine the Slate or Lightning Rods before purchasing elsewhere. GEO. W. DRAKE, Stroudsburg, Aug. 5, 74-4t.

R. MAINONE, Maker, Tuner, Regulator and Repairer OF Pianos, Organs and Melodeons.

Parties residing in Stroudsburg and vicinity, wishing their instruments thoroughly tuned, regulated and repaired at a most reasonable price, will please leave their orders at the Jeffersonian Office. Those wishing to purchase Pianos or other instruments will find it to their advantage to call on me. Having had a practical experience of over twenty-six years in the musical line, I am prepared to furnish the latest and most improved instruments at the lowest possible prices. I have located myself permanently here and solicit your favors.

J. B. HULL, (Successor to J. E. Erdman), Monroe Co. Marble Works, Main St., Stroudsburg, Pa.,

Where will be found constantly on hand or made to order, MONUMENTS, HEADSTONES, &c., of the best Italian and American Marble. Having been in the employ of Mr. Erdman for nearly ten years, I feel confident in my ability to please all that give me a call. All work warranted to give entire satisfaction. Orders by mail promptly attended to. feb 20-72-4t

NOTICE. U. S. Internal Revenue. Special Taxes. May 1, 1875, to April 30, 1876.

The Revised Statutes of the United States, Sections 3232, 3233, 3238, and 3239, require every person engaged in any business, avocation, or employment which renders him liable to a SPECIAL TAX, to procure and place conspicuously in his establishment or place of business a STAMP denoting the payment of said SPECIAL TAX for the special Tax Year beginning May 1, 1875, before commencing or continuing business after April 30, 1875. The Taxes embraced within the provisions of the law above quoted, are the following:

Rectifiers \$200 00 Dealers, retail liquor 25 00 Dealers, wholesale liquor 100 00 Dealers in malt liquors, wholesale 50 00 Dealers in malt liquors, retail 20 00 Dealers in leaf tobacco 25 00 Retail dealers in leaf tobacco 500 00 And on sales of over \$1,000, fifty cents for every dollar in excess of \$1,000. Dealers in manufactured tobacco 5 00 Manufacturers of stills 50 00 And for each mill manufactured 20 00 Manufacturers of tobacco 10 00 Manufacturers of cigars 10 00 Peddlers of tobacco, first class (more than two horses or other animals) 50 00 Peddlers of tobacco, second class (two horses or other animals) 25 00 Peddlers of tobacco, third class (one horse or other animal) 15 00 Peddlers of tobacco, fourth class (on foot or public conveyance) 10 00 Brewers of less than 500 barrels 50 00 Brewers of 500 barrels or more 100 00

Any person, so liable, who shall fail to comply with the foregoing requirements will be subject to severe penalties. Persons or firms liable to pay any of the Special Taxes named above, must apply to FRANK REEDER, Collector of Internal Revenue at Easton, and pay for and procure the Special Tax Stamp or Stamps they need, prior to May 1, 1875, and WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE. J. W. DOUGLASS, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, Office of Internal Revenue at Easton, Washington, D. C., February 1, 1875. } March 18, 1875.—4t.

\$15 to \$20 Per Day at home. Terms free. Address G. S. Stinson & Co., Portland, Me., February 4, 1875.—1y.

BLANK DEEDS For sale at this Office